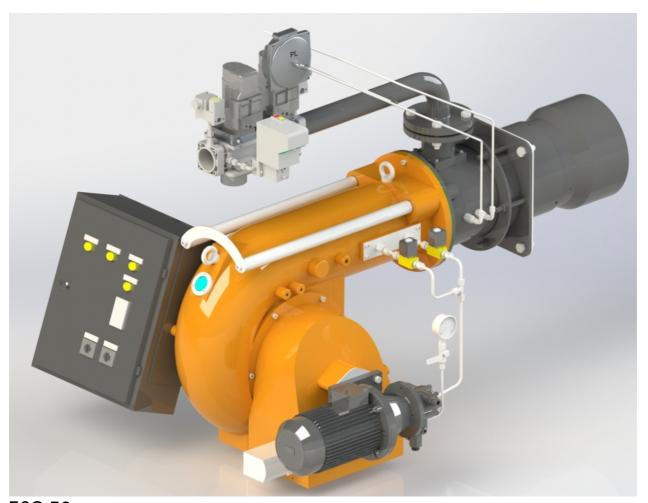


MONOBLOCK DUAL FUEL (GAS-LIGHT OIL) BURNERS INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

TWO STAGE AND MODULATING OPERATION



ECO 50

ECO 55

ECO 60

ECO 65

ECO 70

ECO 75







DEAR USER,

ECOSTAR ECO 50, ECO 55, ECO 60, ECO 65, ECO 70, ECO 75 Dual Fuel (Gas-Light Oil) burners are prepared and manufactured according to the latest technical developments and safety rules. It is easy to use for our customers.

We recommend that you read this manual and safety warnings thoroughly before the use of the device in order to ensure safe, cost effective and environmental-friendly use.

If you encounter any issue that is not explained clearly in this manual or you could not understand, please contact with our service department.

We thank you for choosing ECOSTAR brand.

Ecostar Dual Fuel (Gas-Light Oil) Burners are manufactured in compliance with TS EN 267 and TS EN 676 + A2 standards.

This Operating Manual is an integral part of the burner and must be maintained in a plastic dossier and hung at a clearly visible place in the burner room.



TERMO ISI SİSTEMLERİ SAN.VE TİC.A.Ş.

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1. WARNINGS

1.1. Warning Symbols and Descriptions

Symbols	Symbol Descriptions
a	Important information and useful hints.
	Warning of danger to life or property.
4	Warning of electrical voltage.
BURADAN TUTARAK KALDIRIMZ HANDLE HERE	Product handling information.
P_{F}	Impulse connection detecting combustion chamber pressure
P_L	Impulse connection detecting combustion air pressure
P_{BR}	Impulse connection detecting burner gas head
CLEAN THE GAS BURNER. CLEAN GAS LINE. ЧИСТАЯ ЛИНИЯ ГАЗ.	"Clean the gas line" warning on gas line.
	Electric motor direction of rotation
WARNING HANCE WITH CARE TO THE METHOD THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE METHOD TO THE ME	Carry in an upright position. Fragile Item. Protect against water.



1.2. General Safety Rules

- All personnel engaged in installation, disassembly, commissioning, operation, control, maintenance and repair should have received the necessary training, qualified and fully read and understood this manual.
- No changes that might damage the safety of the burner unit must be made by persons and/or organizations on the burner unit.
- All operation, commissioning and installation works (except for burning adjustment) should be carried out when the burner is not operating and after disconnecting the power supply. Noncompliance with these rules may lead to serious bodily injuries and even death by electrical shocks or uncontrolled flame formation.
- Repairs concerned with safety elements should be carried out only by the manufacturing company.
- The device should never be used by children, mentally handicapped and inexperienced persons.
- Children must not be allowed to play with the device.
- Keep the device away from explosive and flammable materials.
- Device must intake air, ventilation and air discharge holes must not be closed.



If you sense gas leakage;

- Shut down valves of all gas devices.
- Open all doors and windows.
- Do not turn on electric devices or do not turn them off if they are working.
- Do not use burner derived tools such as match and lighter.
- Inform the gas company.



Do not store any inflammable materials in boiler room.



Wear hearing protectors if there is noise in boiler room.



In case of fire or other emergency;

- Switch off the main switch
- Close the main fuel shut-off valve outside the plant.
- Take appropriate actions





The burner installation must be carried out in accordance with the instructions. Vibration can damage the burner and its components.



Keep boiler doors closed while starting burner and during burner operation.



Check combustion values to be correct by using flue gas analyzer at the whole adjustment range between minimum, full load, and ignition load.



Use lifting device or belt for lifting fan motor, if necessary



During the first commissioning of the burner or in case of any revision carried out in the electrical system or motor cables by any reason, direction of the fan rotation must certainly be checked by the authorized technical service.



For products that have not been comissioned or started more than 6 months, before activating the servomotor;

In gas, air dampers and oil regulators, servomotor and damper connections must be checked to ensure that they are free running in spite of immobility and oil freezing.



BURNER ROOM

Install the burner in a suitable room/floor with minimum external air openings and sufficient to ensure perfect combustion, in compliance with current regulations.

Never obstruct air openings of the burner room, burner fan intake vents or air ducts in order to prevent:

a. The build up of toxic / explosive gas mixtures in the burner room,

b.Combustion with insufficient air, resulting in hazardous, anti-economical and polluting operation.

The burner must be always protected from rain, snow and frost to prevent corrosion and paint deformations.

Keep the burner room clean and free of solid volatile substances, which could be sucked into the fan and clog the internal burner or combustion head air ducts.



2. TERMS OF WARRANTY

Main and auxiliary equipment and all components used in Ecostar Dual Fuel (Gas-Light Oil) burners are guaranteed for 1 year by TERMO ISI SİST. A.Ş starting from the date of commissioning under the maintenance, adjustment, operating conditions and relevant mechanic, chemical and thermal effects explained herein.



Please note that this warranty is only valid if the device(s) is commissioned and maintained by our authorized services.



Our company reserves the right to make any modifications on the product and all instructions thereof for improvement purposes.

2.1. Out of Warranty Conditions

- Any damage arising out of or in relation to customers' non-compliance to their responsibilities with regards to installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance,
- Any damage arising out of or in relation to commissioning, repairs and maintenance carried out by unauthorized services,
- Any damage that may occur during transportation or storage of the product,
- Not preserving the product in its original packaging until the installation stage,
- Incorrect and poor electrical connections, Failures due to incorrect voltage applications, frequent repetition of voltage fluctuations,
- Any damage that may occur as a result of incorrect fuel usage or, foreign substances in the fuel used or using of the product without any fuel,
- Any damage that may occur due to foreign particles entered into the product during installation and operation,
- Failures due to incorrect device selection,
- Any damage to unit due to natural disasters,
- Devices without any warranty certificates,
- Warranty Certificates without the stamp and signature of the authorized dealer or service,
- Devices with any falsification on the warranty certificate or without an original serial number.
- The risks during transportation of device under the responsibility of customer belong to the customer.
- Presence of misuse faults are indicated in the reports issued by authorized service stations or our authorized agent, dealer, representative or our factory in case of unavailability of authorized service stations.
- Customers may apply consumer protection arbitrator committee with regards to this report and request for an expert report.



3. BURNER'S GENERAL FEATURES

ECOSTAR Dual Fuel (Gas-Light Oil) burners are designed and manufactured to work with liquid fuel with max. 2.5- 6 Cst (mm²/s) viscosity. and Natural Gas and Liquid Petroleum Gas at gas pressures of min.20 mbar, max.300 mbar and at -%15 to +%10 of nominal voltages, under environmental temperature of max.60°C with rated capacity and burner pressure ranges.

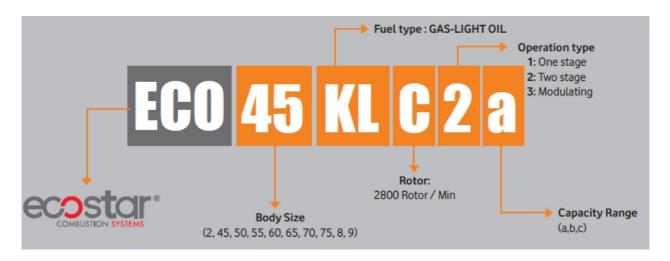
3.1. Purpose of Use and Work Limits of Burners

- This product works at any load value equivalent to its max. capacity or covered by its capacity range;
 - In hot water and steam boilers,
 - In direct and indirect hot air generators,
 - Industrial appliances operating at temperature below 600 °C,
 - -15 °C...+60 °C ambient temperature range,
 - 1N 230 VAC/3N 380VAC /50 Hz feed voltage (-%15...+%10) values,
 - Max. 95% relative humidity,
 - In well-ventilated open and closed spaces compatible with protection class IP 40.



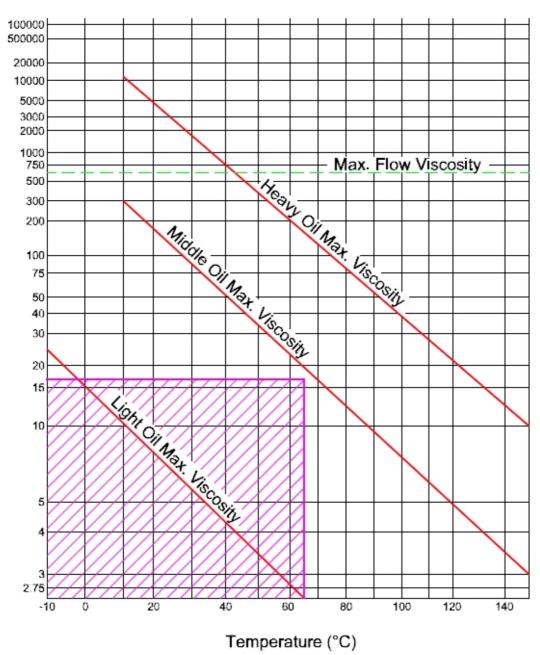
This device must never be operated with open flame!

3.2. Code Key









1

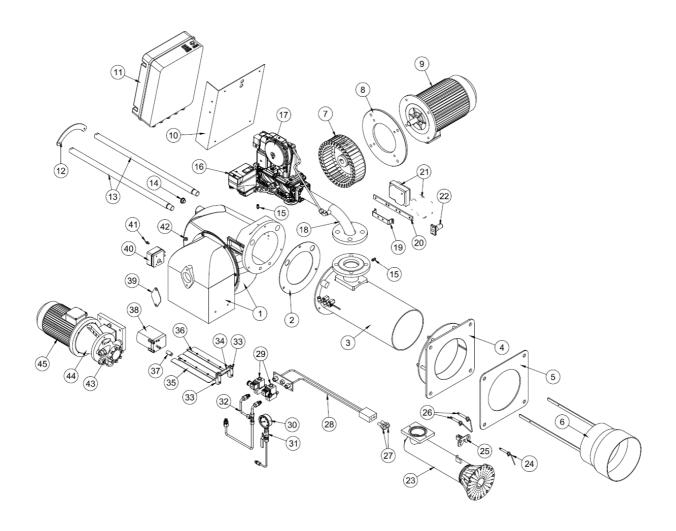
Temperature change of fuel used in ECOSTAR Dual Fuel (Gas-Light Oil) burners dependent on viscosity





3.3. Burner Components

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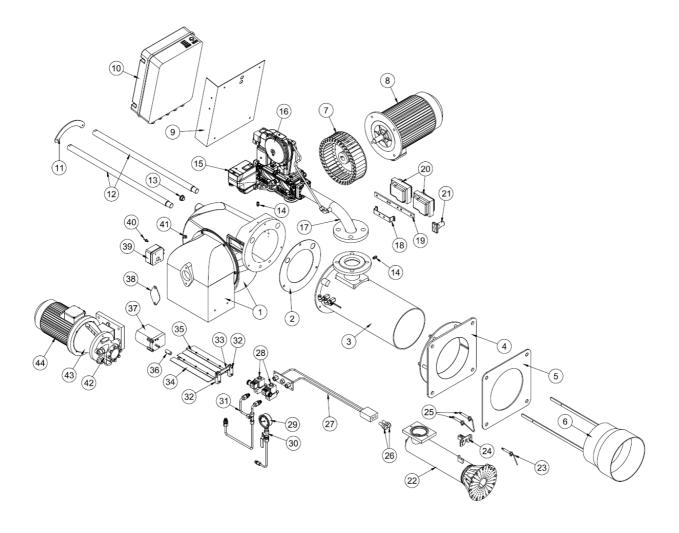




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	24	Gas ignition electrode
2	Klingerit gasket	25	Electrode connection plate
3	Flame tube	26	Liquid fuel ignition electrode
4	Boiler connection flange	27	Fuel nozzle
5	Gasket	28	Lance
6	Flame tube extension	29	Solenoid valve
7	Fan	30	Manometer
8	Motor connection flange	31	Ball valve
9	Motor	32	Fuel pipes
10	Electrical panel connection plate	33	Air damper motion rod
11	Electrical panel	34	Air damper transmission rod
12	Handling rod fixing plate	35	Air damper
13	Handling rod	36	Air damper
14	Observation glass	37	Servomotor coupling
15	Purger	38	Servomotor
16	VPS	39	Pump housing cover
17	Gas solenoid valve	40	Air pressure switch
18	Gas inlet pipe	41	Pressure switch adaptor
19	Transformer connection plate	42	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Transformer connection plate (dual)	43	Pump
21	Ignition transformer	44	Pump motor console
22	Photocell	45	Motor
23	Combustion head		



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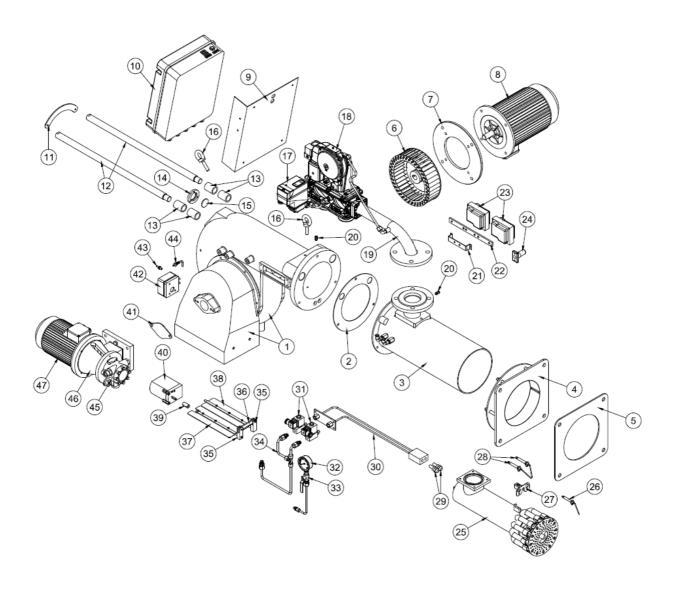




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	23	Gas Ignition electrode
2	Klingerit gasket	24	Electrode connection plate
3	Flame tube	25	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
4	Boiler connection flange	26	Fuel nozzle
5	Gasket	27	Lance
6	Flame tube extension	28	Solenoid valve
7	Fan	29	Manometer
8	Motor	30	Ball valve
9	Electrical panel connection plate	31	Fuel pipes
10	Electrical panel	32	Air damper motion rod
11	Handling rod fixing plate	33	Air damper transmission rod
12	Handling rod	34	Air damper
13	Observation glass	35	Air damper
14	Purger	36	Servomotor coupling
15	VPS	37	Servomotor
16	Gas solenoid valve	38	Pump housing cover
17	Gas inlet pipe	39	Air pressure switch
18	Transformer connection plate	40	Pressure switch adaptor
19	Transformer connection plate (dual)	41	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Ignition transformer	42	Pump
21	Photocell	43	Pump motor console
22	Combustion head	44	Motor



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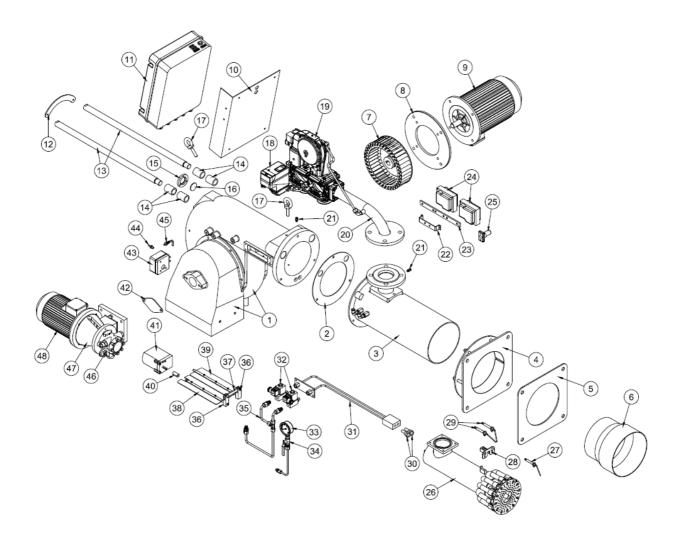




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	25	Combustion head
2	Klingerit gasket	26	Gas ignition electrode
3	Flame tube	27	Electrode connection plate
4	Boiler connection flange	28	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
5	Gasket	29	Fuel nozzle
6	Fan	30	Lance
7	Motor connection flange	31	Solenoid valve
8	Motor	32	Manometer
9	Electrical panel connection plate	33	Ball valve
10	Electrical panel	34	Fuel pipes
11	Handling rod fixing plate	35	Air damper motion rod
12	Handling rod	36	Air damper transmission rod
13	Bearing	37	Air damper
14	Observation glass frame	38	Air damper
15	Observation glass	39	Servomotor coupling
16	Eyebolt	40	Servomotor
17	VPS	41	Pump housing cover
18	Gas solenoid valve	42	Air pressure switch
19	Gas inlet pipe	43	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Purger	44	Pressure switch adaptor
21	Transformer connection plate	45	Pump
22	Transformer connection plate (dual)	46	Pump motor console
23	Ignition transformer	47	Motor
24	Photocell		
	•		•



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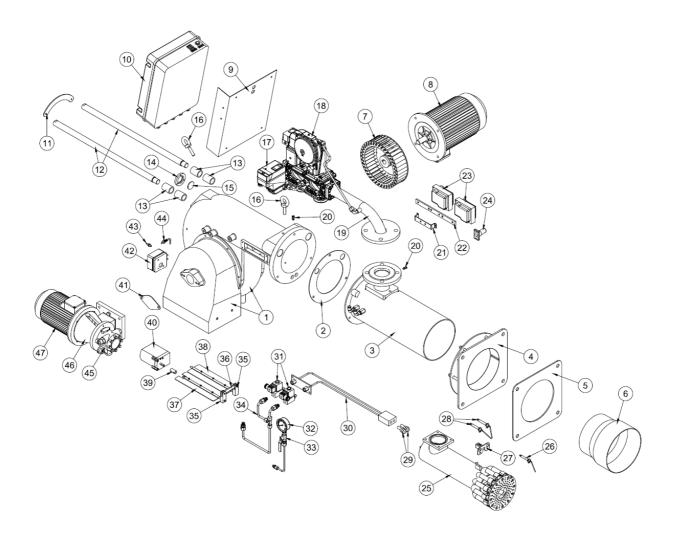




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	25	Photocell
2	Klingerit gasket	26	Combustion head
3	Flame tube	27	Gas ignition electrode
4	Boiler connection flange	28	Electrode connection plate
5	Gasket	29	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
6	Flame tube extension	30	Fuel nozzle
7	Fan	31	Lance
8	Motor connection flange	32	Solenoid valve
9	Motor	33	Manometer
10	Electrical panel connection plate	34	Ball valve
11	Electrical panel	35	Fuel pipes
12	Handling rod fixing plate	36	Air damper motion rod
13	Handling rod	37	Air damper transmission rod
14	Bearing	38	Air damper
15	Observation glass frame	39	Air damper
16	Observation glass	40	Servomotor coupling
17	Eyebolt	41	Servomotor
18	VPS	42	Pump housing cover
19	Gas solenoid valve	43	Air pressure switch
20	Gas inlet pipe	44	Pressure switch adaptor
21	Purger	45	Pressure switch adaptor
22	Transformer connection plate	46	Pump
23	Transformer connection plate (dual)	47	Pump motor console
24	Ignition transformer	48	Motor



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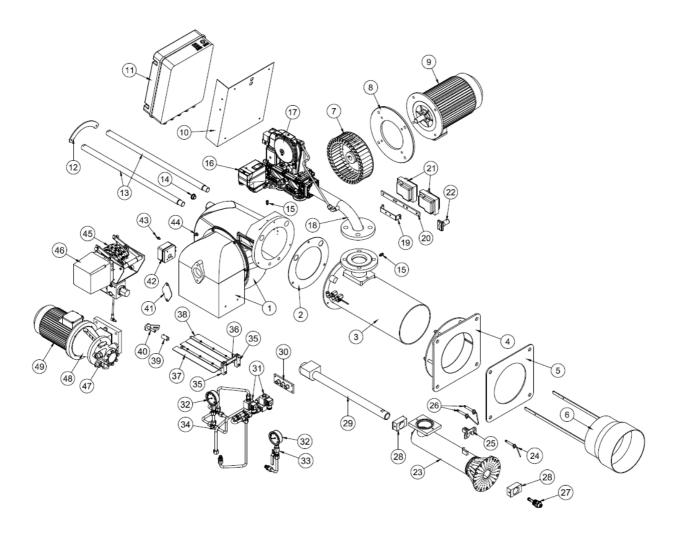




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	25	Combustion head
2	Klingerit gasket	26	Gas ignition electrode
3	Flame tube	27	Electrode connection plate
4	Boiler connection flange	28	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
5	Gasket	29	Fuel nozzle
6	Flame tube extension	30	Lance
7	Fan	31	Solenoid valve
8	Motor	32	Manometer
9	Electrical panel connection plate	33	Ball valve
10	Electrical panel	34	Fuel pipes
11	Handling rod fixing plate	35	Air damper motion rod
12	Handling rod	36	Air damper transmission rod
13	Bearing	37	Air damper
14	Observation glass frame	38	Air damper
15	Observation glass	39	Servomotor coupling
16	Eyebolt	40	Servomotor
17	VPS	41	Pump housing cover
18	Gas solenoid valve	42	Air pressure switch
19	Gas inlet pipe	43	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Purger	44	Pressure switch adaptor
21	Transformer connection plate	45	Pump
22	Transformer connection plate (dual)	46	Pump motor console
23	Ignition transformer	47	Motor
24	Photocell		



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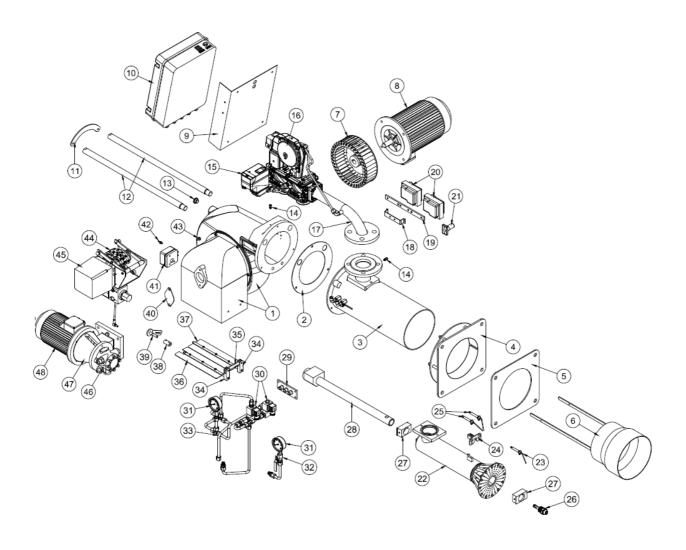




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	26	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
2	Klingerit gasket	27	Fuel nozzle
3	Flame tube	28	Centring wedge
4	Boiler connection flange	29	Lance
5	Gasket	30	Solenoid valve connection plate
6	Flame tube extension	31	Solenoid valve
7	Fan	32	Manometer
8	Motor connection flange	33	Ball valve
9	Motor	34	Fuel pipes
10	Electrical panel connection plate	35	Air damper motion rod
11	Electrical panel	36	Air damper transmission rod
12	Handling rod fixing plate	37	Air damper
13	Handling rod	38	Air damper
14	Observation glass	39	Coupling
15	Purger	40	Air dumper adjustment rod
16	VPS	41	Pump housing cover
17	Gas solenoid valve	42	Air pressure switch
18	Gas inlet pipe	43	Pressure switch adaptor
19	Transformer connection plate	44	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Transformer connection plate (dual)	45	Disc console group
21	Ignition transformer	46	Servomotor
22	Photocell	47	Pump
23	Combustion head	48	Pump motor console
24	Gas ignition electrode	49	Motor
25	Electrode connection plate		



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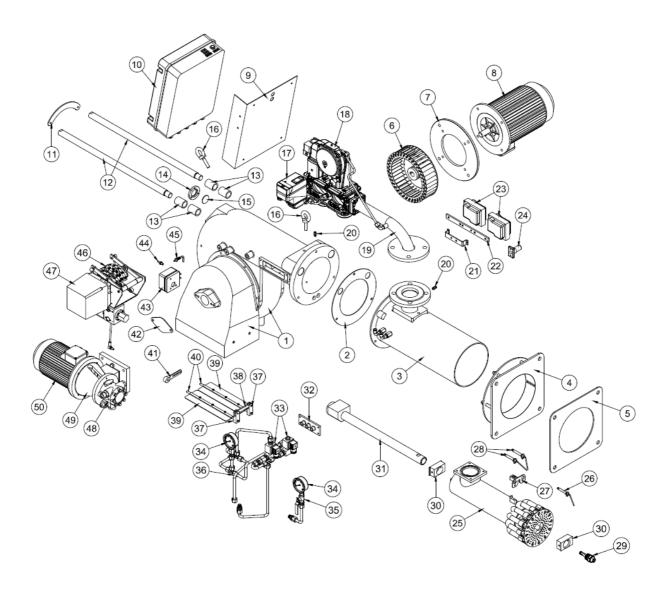




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	25	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
2	Klingerit gasket	26	Fuel nozzle
3	Flame tube	27	Centring wedge
4	Boiler connection flange	28	Lance
5	Gasket	29	Solenoid valve connection plate
6	Flame tube extension	30	Solenoid valve
7	Fan	31	Manometer
8	Motor	32	Ball valve
9	Electrical panel connection plate	33	Fuel pipes
10	Electrical panel	34	Air damper motion rod
11	Handling rod fixing plate	35	Air damper transmission rod
12	Handling rod	36	Air damper
13	Observation glass	37	Air damper
14	Purger	38	Coupling
15	VPS	39	Air dumper adjustment rod
16	Gas solenoid valve	40	Pump housing cover
17	Gas inlet pipe	41	Air pressure switch
18	Transformer connection plate	42	Pressure switch adaptor
19	Transformer connection plate (dual)	43	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Ignition transformer	44	Disc console group
21	Photocell	45	Servomotor
22	Combustion head	46	Pump
23	Gas ignition electrode	47	Pump motor console
24	Electrode connection plate	48	Motor



ECO 60 KLC3

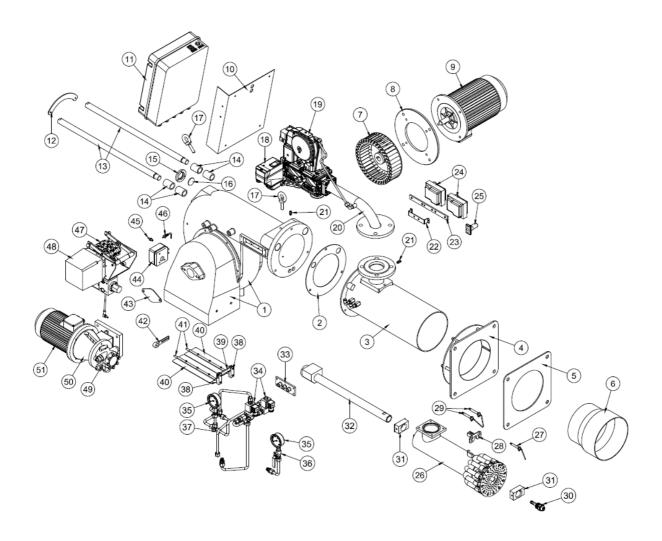




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	26	Gas ignition electrode
2	Klingerit gasket	27	Electrode connection plate
3	Flame tube	28	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
4	Boiler connection flange	29	Fuel nozzle
5	Gasket	30	Centring wedge
6	Fan	31	Lance
7	Motor connection flange	32	Solenoid valve connection plate
8	Motor	33	Solenoid valve
9	Electrical panel connection plate	34	Manometer
10	Electrical panel	35	Ball valve
11	Handling rod fixing plate	36	Fuel pipes
12	Handling rod	37	Air damper motion rod
13	Bearing	38	Air damper transmission rod
14	Observation glass frame	39	Air damper plate
15	Observation glass	40	Air damper shaft
16	Eyebolt	41	Air dumper adjustment rod
17	VPS	42	Pump housing cover
18	Gas solenoid valve	43	Air pressure switch
19	Gas inlet pipe	44	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Purger	45	Pressure switch adaptor
21	Transformer connection plate	46	Disc console group
22	Transformer connection plate (dual)	47	Servomotor
23	Ignition transformer	48	Pump
24	Photocell	49	Pump motor console
25	Combustion head	50	Motor



ECO 65 KLC3

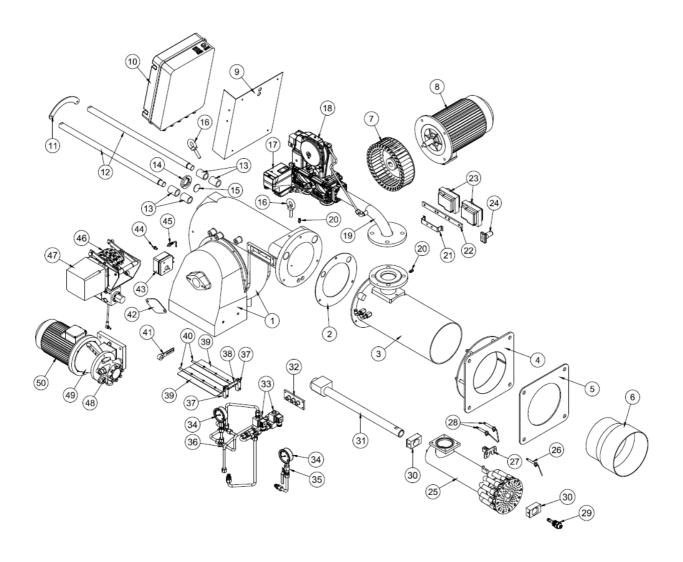




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	27	Gas ignition electrode
2	Klingerit gasket	28	Electrode connection plate
3	Flame tube	29	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
4	Boiler connection flange	30	Fuel nozzle
5	Gasket	31	Centring wedge
6	Flame tube extension	32	Lance
7	Fan	33	Solenoid valve connection plate
8	Motor connection flange	34	Solenoid valve
9	Motor	35	Manometer
10	Electrical panel connection plate	36	Ball valve
11	Electrical panel	37	Fuel pipes
12	Handling rod fixing plate	38	Air damper motion rod
13	Handling rod	39	Air damper transmission rod
14	Bearing	40	Air damper plate
15	Observation glass frame	41	Air damper shaft
16	Observation glass	42	Air dumper adjustment rod
17	Eyebolt	43	Pump housing cover
18	VPS	44	Air pressure switch
19	Gas solenoid valve	45	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Gas inlet pipe	46	Pressure switch adaptor
21	Purger	47	Disc console group
22	Transformer connection plate	48	Servomotor
23	Transformer connection plate (dual)	49	Pump
24	Ignition transformer	50	Pump motor console
25	Photocell	51	Motor
26	Combustion head		



ECO 70 KLC3

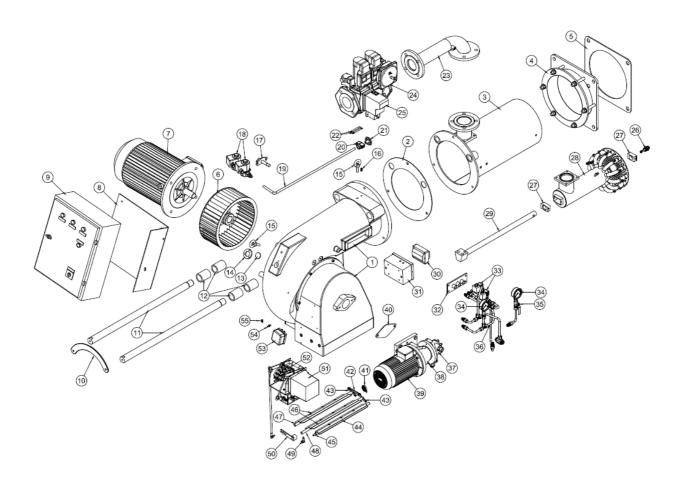




Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	26	Gas ignition electrode
2	Klingerit gasket	27	Electrode connection plate
3	Flame tube	28	Liquid fuel Ignition electrode
4	Boiler connection flange	29	Fuel nozzle
5	Gasket	30	Centring wedge
6	Flame tube extension	31	Lance
7	Fan	32	Solenoid valve connection plate
8	Motor	33	Solenoid valve
9	Electrical panel connection plate	34	Manometer
10	Electrical panel	35	Ball valve
11	Handling rod fixing plate	36	Fuel pipes
12	Handling rod	37	Air damper motion rod
13	Bearing	38	Air damper transmission rod
14	Observation glass frame	39	Air damper plate
15	Observation glass	40	Air damper shaft
16	Eyebolt	41	Air dumper adjustment rod
17	VPS	42	Pump housing cover
18	Gas solenoid valve	43	Air pressure switch
19	Gas inlet pipe	44	Pressure switch adaptor
20	Purger	45	Pressure switch adaptor
21	Transformer connection plate	46	Disc console group
22	Transformer connection plate (dual)	47	Servomotor
23	Ignition transformer	48	Pump
24	Photocell	49	Pump motor console
25	Combustion head	50	Motor



ECO 75 KLC3

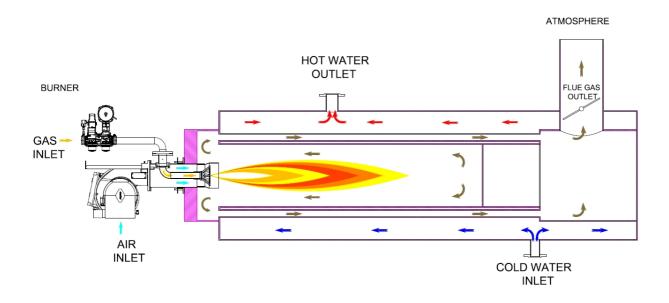


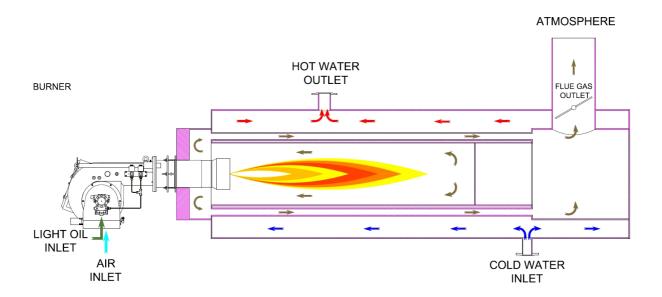


Assembly No	Part Name	Assembly No	Part Name
1	Body group	29	Lance
2	Klingerit gasket	30	Ignition transformer
3	Flame tube	31	Transformer box
4	Boiler connection flange	32	Solenoid valve connection plate
5	Gasket	33	Solenoid valve
6	Fan	34	Manometer
7	Motor	35	Ball valve
8	Electrical panel connection plate	36	Fuel pipes
9	Electrical panel	37	Pump
10	Handling rod	38	Pump motor console
11	Handling rod fixing plate	39	Motor
12	Bearing	40	Pump housing cover
13	Observation glass	41	Air damper spring
14	Observation glass frame	42	Air damper transmission rod
15	Eyebolt	43	Air damper motion rod
16	Purger	44	Air damper plate
17	Photocell	45	Air damper shaft
18	Pilot gas solenoid valve	46	Air damper plate
19	Pilot gas pipe	47	Air damper shaft
20	Pilot electrode clamp	48	Air damper shaft
21	Pilot Combustion head	49	Air damper gauge
22	Pilot Ignition electrode	50	Air dumper adjustment rod
23	Gas inlet pipe	51	Servomotor
24	Gas solenoid valve	52	Disc console group
25	VPS	53	Air pressure switch
26	Fuel nozzle	54	Pressure switch adaptor
27	Centring wedge	55	Pressure switch adaptor
28	Combustion head		·



4. GAS, FLUE GAS AND HEATING WATER SCHEMA







5. TECHNICAL DATA

5.1. Capacity Table

GAS-LIGHT OIL DUAL BURNERS CAPACITY TABLE															
BURNER TYPE	GAS CAPACITY		GAS CAPACITY		NATURAL GAS CONSUMPTION		LIGHT OIL CAPACITY		LIGHT OIL CAPACITY		LIGHT OIL CONSUMPTION		FAN MOTOR POWER	OIL PUMP POWER	MAIN SUPPLY
	Min. kcal/h	Max. kcal/h	Min. kW	Max. kW	Min. Nm³/h	Max. Nm³/h	Min. kcal/h	Max. kcal/h	Min. kW	Max. kW	Min. kg/h	Max. kg/h	kW	kW	VAC
TWO STAGE GAS/LIGHT OIL DUAL BURNERS															
ECO 50 K L C 2	215.000	1.290.000	250	1500	26,06	156,36	337.750	1.351.000	393	1571	33,11	132,45	2,2	0,75	3N 400
ECO 55 K L C 2	258.000	1.720.000	300	2000	31,27	208,48	386.000	1.737.000	449	2020	37,84	170,29	3	0,75	3N 400
ECO 55 K L C 2a	258.000	2.150.000	300	2500	31,27	260,61	386.000	2.123.000	449	2469	37,84	208,14	3	0,75	3N 400
ECO 60 K L C 2	369.800	2.580.000	430	3000	44,82	312,73	598.560	2.580.000	696	3000	58,68	252,94	4	0,75	3N 400
ECO 65 K L C 2	430.000	3.010.000	500	3500	52,12	364,85	733.580	3.010.000	853	3500	71,92	295,10	5,5	0,75	3N 400
ECO 70 K L C 2	498.800	3.500.200	580	4070	60,46	424,27	916.760	3.500.200	1066	4070	89,88	343,16	7,5	0,75	3N 400

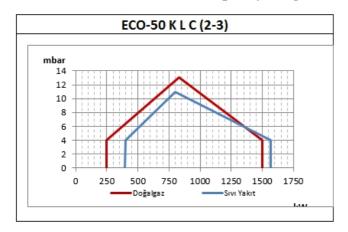
MODULATING GAS-LIGHT OIL DUAL BURNERS															
ECO 50 K L C 3	215.000	1.290.000	250	1500	26,06	156,36	337.750	1.351.000	393	1571	33,11	132,45	2,2	0,75	3N 400
ECO 55 K L C 3	258.000	1.720.000	300	2000	31,27	208,48	386.000	1.737.000	449	2020	37,84	170,29	3	1,1	3N 400
ECO 55 K L C 3a	258.000	2.150.000	300	2500	31,27	260,61	386.000	2.123.000	449	2469	37,84	208,14	3	1,1	3N 400
ECO 60 K L C 3	369.800	2.580.000	430	3000	44,82	312,73	598.560	2.580.000	696	3000	58,68	252,94	4	1,1	3N 400
ECO 65 K L C 3	430.000	3.010.000	500	3500	52,12	364,85	733.580	3.010.000	853	3500	71,92	295,10	5,5	1,5	3N 400
ECO 70 K L C 3	498.800	3.500.200	580	4070	60,46	424,27	916.760	3.500.200	1066	4070	89,88	343,16	7,5	1,5	3N 400
ECO 75 K L C 3	686.000	4.800.000	798	5581	83,15	581,82	1.003.620	4.824.600	1167	5610	98,39	473,00	11	1,5	3N 400

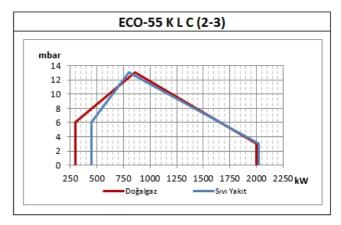
H_u Natural Gas =8250 kcal/Nm³

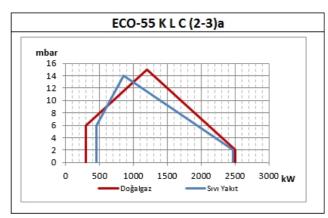
 $H_u \, Light \, \, Oil \, \, (L) = 10200 \, \, Kcal/kg$

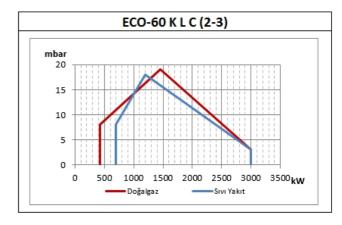


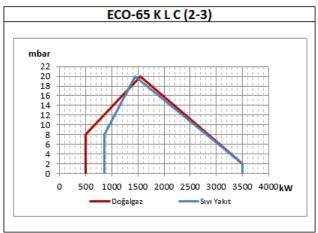
5.2. Back Pressure-Capacity Diagrams

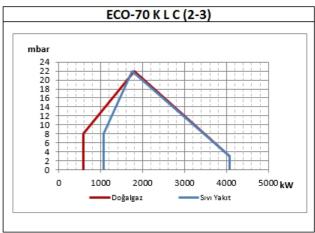


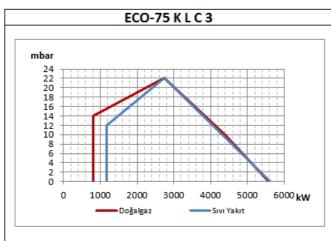








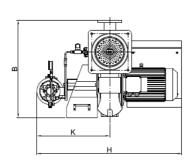


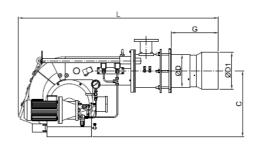




5.3. Burner Dimensions

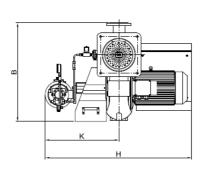
ECO 50 ECO 55 ECO 65 ECO 70 -

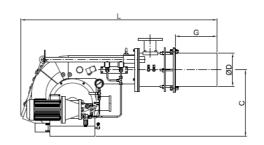






ECO 60 ECO 75 -







	L	Gm i n	Gmax	Н	K	В	С	ØP	M	ØD	ØD1
ECO 50 K (L)	1370	280	440	900	500	625	422	18	275	218	236
ECO 55 K (L)	1370	280	440	900	500	625	422	18	275	218	236
ECO 60 K (L)	1450	200	355	1100	590	730	510	18	275	240	-
ECO 65 K (L)	1580	200	440	1100	590	735	510	18	275	250	280
ECO 70 K (L)	1580	200	440	1100	590	735	510	18	275	250	280
ECO 75 K (L)	1450	200	340	1130	600	795	525	22	335	300	-



5.4. Gas Hood Pressure Loss Diagram

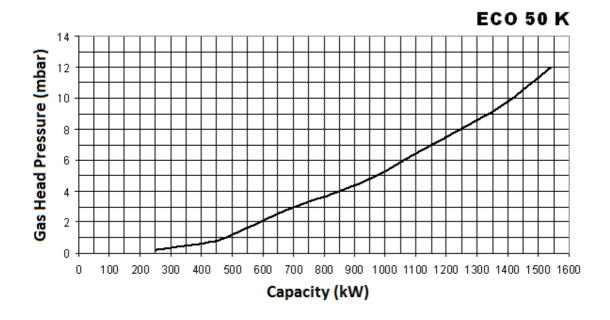
1

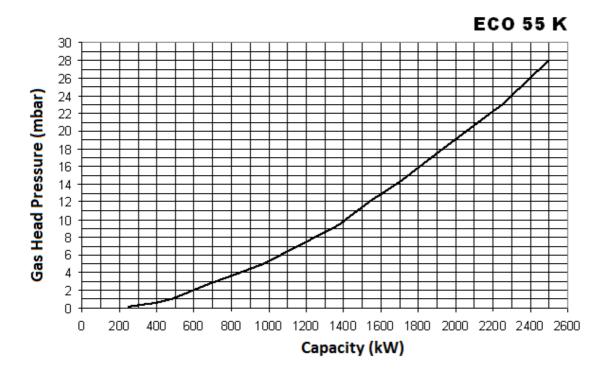
Gas hood pressure loss measurements are conducted in atmospheric pressure. Consider the below data while conducting measurement in counter pressure boilers.

P_m: Gas hood pressure while burner is connected to the boiler and working

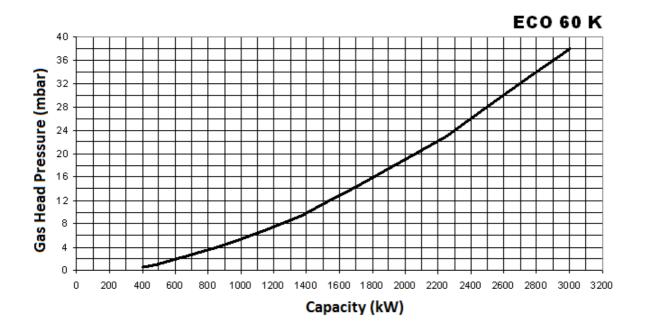
P_F: Combustion chamber pressure P_{Br}: Burner net gas hood pressure

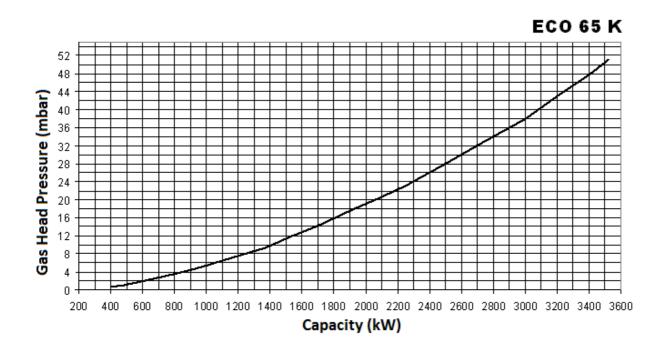
$$P_{Br} = P_m - P_F$$



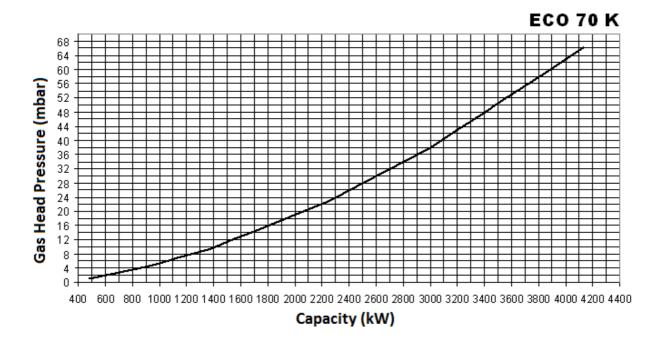


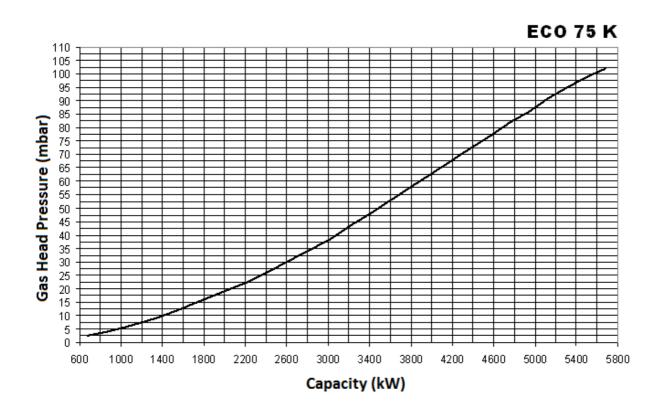








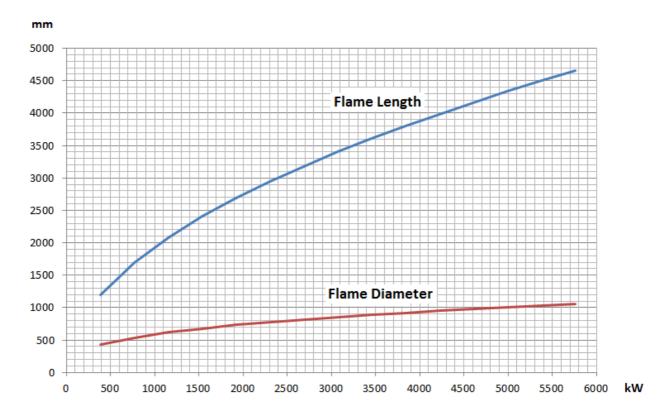




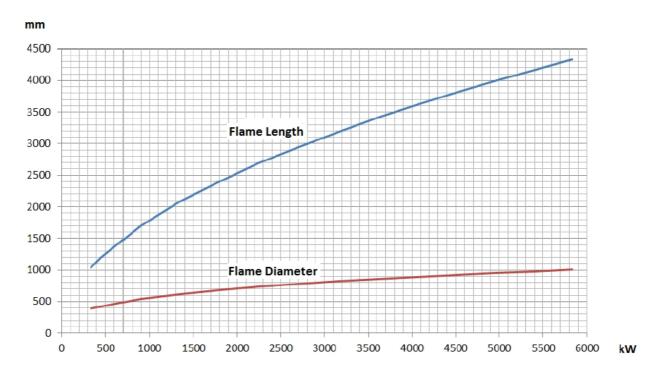


5.5. Flame Length and Diameter

Natural Gas



Light Oil



5.6. Noise Level

Product operates within the range of 75 decibels max. and 85 decibels.



6. BURNER HANDLING INFORMATION



- Lift the product by holding the handles as seen in the picture.
- Prevent strong impacts on top of the product and vibration while handling the product.
- Do not leave the product in wet environment.



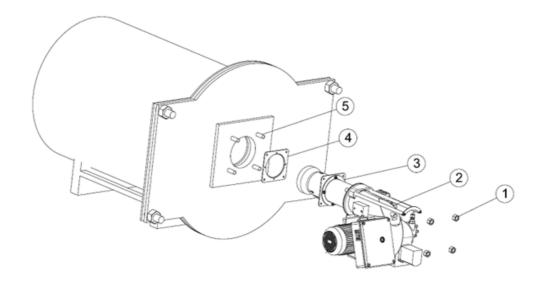
Dimensions of the box used for handling

Burner	LxWxH (cm)	Weight (kg)	
ECO 50 KLC2	136 X 90 X 66	130	
ECO 50 KLC3	136 X 90 X 66	130	
ECO 55 KLC2	136 X 90 X 66	170	
ECO 55 KLC2a	136 X 90 X 66	170	
ECO 55 KLC3	136 X 90 X 66	170	
ECO 55 KLC3a	136 X 90 X 66	170	
ECO 60 KLC2	160 X 115 X 74	195	
ECO 60 KLC3	170 X 115 X 74	195	
ECO 65 KLC2	170 X 115 X 74	200	
ECO 65 KLC3	170 X 115 X 74	200	
ECO 70 KLC2	170 X 115 X 74	180	
ECO 70 KLC3	170 X 115 X 74	180	
ECO 75 KLC3	165 X 118 X 80	270	



7. INSTALLATION

7.1. Burner Installation Picture



- 1- Drift Bolts
- 2- Burner
- 3- Boiler Connection Flange
- 4- Gasket
- 5- Boiler Studs
- **Ø** In the installation of the burner, use the installation materials supplied with the burner.
- Secure the burner connection flange onto the burner cover by 4 bolts. Gasket must be connected such that it will remain between connecting flange and boiler cap.

After completing the installation of the burner on the boiler:

- **Ø** Connect the oil feed pipes.
- **Ø** Connect the burner panel to the mains by a cable suitable for the rated power.



Device must be shipped in original packaging!



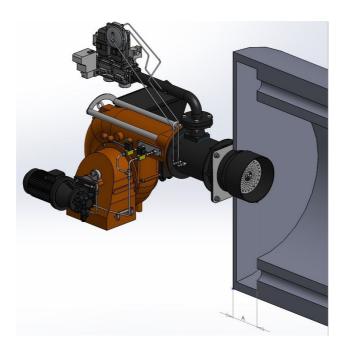
Do not lift the device holding from servomotor, gas valve, impulse pipes or pressure switch during installation!



Clean the inside of fuel line thoroughly before installing the burner to the fuel line. Any damage that may occur due to solid objects and metal particles from the fuel line shall not be covered by our company.



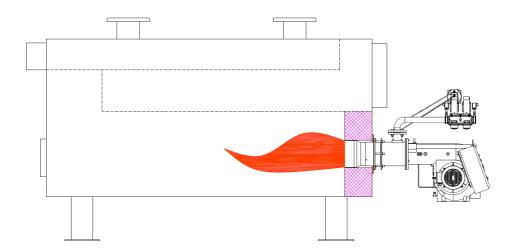
7.2. In reverse flame front mirror boilers





While installing the burner in reverse flame front mirror boilers, flame tube tip must be adjusted such that it gets inside by 50 mm-100 mm from flue pipes (50mm \le A \le 100mm). Otherwise flue gas temperature will rise and fuel consumption will increase.

7.3. In cylindrical (straight flame) boilers





8. COMMISSIONING

8.1. Before Commissioning



Electrical Connection

Perform electrical connections according to the diagram provided with the burner. Follow general security rules during installation of electric wiring and making connections. Connect the earthing terminal in electric panel to the earthing installation.

8.2. General Controls



Make sure to perform the following controls before commissioning the burner.

- **Ø** Installation of the burner to the boiler is checked.
- **Ø** Check the fuel line (are the pipe diameters and the pipe installation correct?).
- **Ø** Check energy input cables and voltages.
- **Ø** Check the boiler safety thermostats and, if it is a two-stage burner, then make sure that there are two thermostats.
- **Ø** Check the fuel nozzles according to the boiler capacity.
- **Ø** Prior to operating the burner, control the boiler water level.
- **Ø** Make sure water circulation system is turned on, and steam boiler and water feed pumps and boiler inlet outlets are open.
- **Ø** Is there electricity current?
- **Ø** Is there gas?
- **Ø** Has the boiler explosion lid been controlled?
- \emptyset Is there sufficient air in boiler room (ventilation section cm² = boiler capacity kW x 7)
- **Ø** Has the air of the gas line been removed? Has a sealing test been made?

Commissioning order

Operating with Light Oil;

- **Ø** After performing the above mentioned controls, open the fuel tank valve.
- **Ø** Open the valve upstream of the fuel filter.
- **Ø** Check direction of motor rotation.
- **Ø** Open the pump's vent plug and place the manometer (0-40 bar).
- **Ø** Turn on the burner switch (turn to position 1).
- **Ø** When the burner starts up, the motor is activated and turns the pump at the same time.
- **Ø** The pump filter should be cleaned frequently (every 30 minutes) during the first commissioning, and please ensure that the fuel reaches the pump without interruption.
- **Ø** It actuates pre-purge and discharges the residual gases remaining in the boiler from the funnel.
- **Ø** After the pre-purge, fuel is delivered from the nozzle. The fuel meets the flame from the ignition electrodes and the combustion starts.
- **Ø** After combustion of the burner, the pump pressure is adjusted (light oil: two stage; 14 bar, modulating; 25 bar).
- Ø If the burner has two stages, the switch is brought to position "2", and the capacity of the burner is increased through servomotor. Ideal combustion is obtained by increasing the amount of air by the fuel given according to analyses value.
- **Ø** The boiler thermostat is adjusted as desired (70-90°C for central heating boilers).
- **Ø** For the safety of the system, check the boiler thermostats and observe the deactivation of the burner.



Operating with Gas;

Operation of two-stage burner

- **O** Open the main gas valve, check the gas pressure from the manometer at the valve. (max.300 mbar)
- **Ø** Check the boiler thermostat or pressure switch settings.
- **Ø** Bring the operating switch on the burner panel to position 2.
- **Ø** Burner fan motor will be activated.
- **Ø** Ignition will take place at the end of pre-purge process.
- Ø 3 sec. later, the gas valve will be opened and combustion will occur.
- Ø Flame control system (ionization) will start flame control.
- **Ø** Burner will switch to the second stage (max. capacity) according to the heat requirement.
- **Ø** After the boiler water heated up or the boiler pressure has risen, the burner will turn off.

Operation of a modulating burner

- **Ø** Open the main gas valve; check max 300 mbar gas pressure from the manometer.
- **Ø** Open operating switch on the burner panel.
- **Ø** Switch on the modulating control switch.
- **Ø** Switch automatic-hand switch to automatic.
- **Ø** Check the temperature and pressure set values from the modulating control unit.
- **Ø** Ignition will take place at the end of pre-purge process.
- **Ø** 3 sec. later, the gas valve will be opened and combustion will occur.
- Ø Flame control system (ionization) will start flame control.
- **Ø** In modulating burner, the burner goes into max. capacity according to the signal from the modulating control unit.
- **Ø** When the boiler water temperature or steam pressure increase, the modulating control unit will cause burner to run with min. capacity.
- Ø If the boiler water temperature or steam pressure increases despite the operation of burner with min. capacity, the modulating control unit will stop the burner.

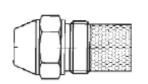


8.3. Combustion Adjustment

Ø Fuel nozzle

Use proper wrench in installation and dismantle of the fuel nozzle.

Use diesel oil to clean the fuel nozzle. Do not use thinner and its derivatives.





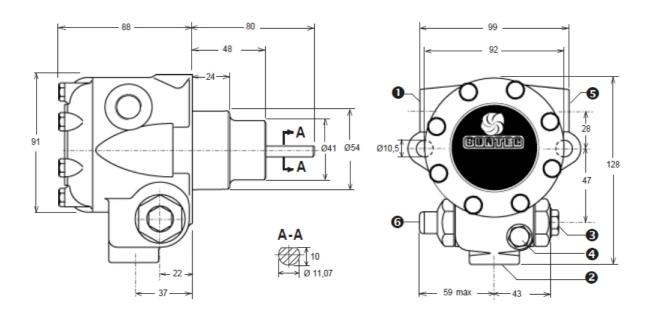
Ø Photocell

Check the photocell weekly. Clean the dust or fume stains on the glass of photocell by a dry cloth.



8.4. Fuel Pumps

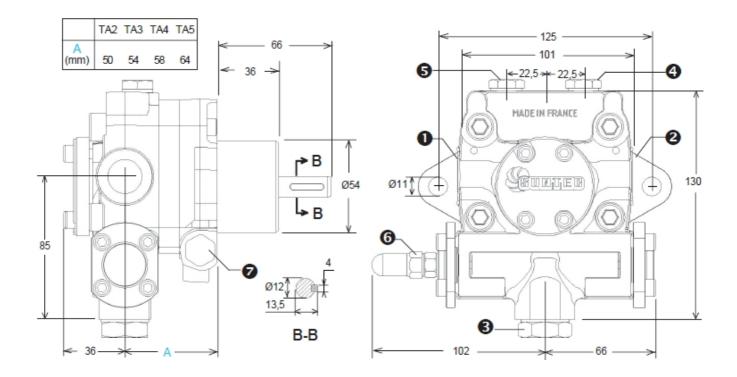
E Type



- 1- Suction or vacuum manometer connection
- 2- Return and internal bypass
- 3- Nozzle outlet
- 4- Manometer connection
- 5- Vacuum manometer connection
- 6- Pressure adjustment



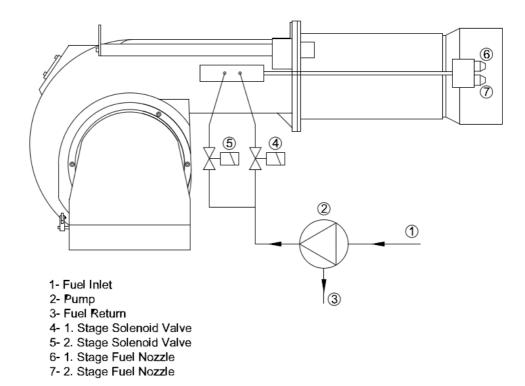
TA Type



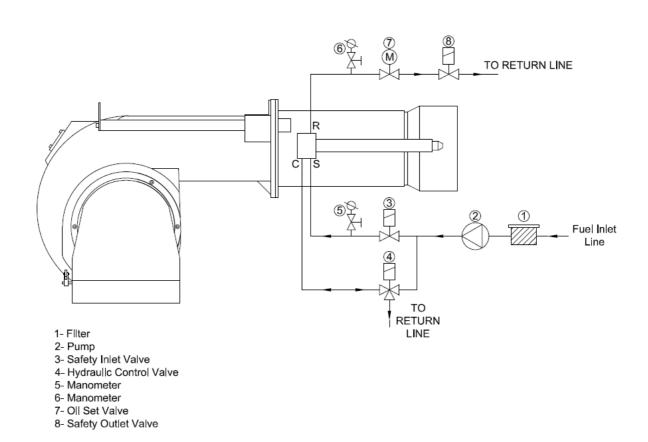
- 1-Suction
- 2-Nozzle outlet
- 3-Return
- 4-Manometer inlet
- 5-Vacuum or inlet manometer and internal return inlet
- 6-Pressure adjustment
- 7-Pre heater location



Ø Two Stages Light Oil Burner Fuel Circuit



Ø Modulating Light Oil Burner Fuel Circuit





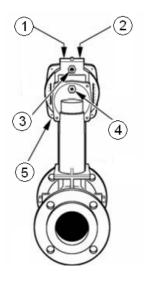
CAUTION!

- Ø End of the line to the main tank must be open to the atmosphere and line pressure must be zero, otherwise no healthy modulating operation can be ensured since the pressure, which is to form in return, will also affect nozzle pressure. Fuel may drop from nozzle end during stops.
- Ø For good pulverization, periodically check durability of the o-ring. In the event of earing of the o-ring, fuel to the nozzle can by-pass and go directly to the return and reduces the working performance of the nozzle.
- Ø Maximum operating pressure of the nozzle is 30 bars. This value should not be exceeded during working. Even if these out of control value are exceeded, nozzle must be taken to emergency maintenance and all O-rings must be replaced.
- Ø Do not use solvent based materials (thinner and derivatives) during cleaning of the fuel nozzle; clean with gas oil or diesel oil. Fuel nozzle inner kit is very sensitive and even invisible deformations can reduce working performance; dismantling-installing work must be performed only by trained personnel.
- Ø Spring has lost its function if dropping from fuel nozzle or fuel exit at large scale is observed when the nozzle performs circulation. It must be checked and replaced if necessary.
- \varnothing During fuel supply, the pressure at the burner fuel pump must be max. 0,40 +0,05 bar for light oil . When the burner is not operating or operating at the maximum fuel flow required, fuel supply pressure value should not changed in the burner pump.



8.5. Gas Adjustment

8.5.1. VGD 20 4011 - 5011 Series Gas Valve







SKP 75 Connection Diagram

- 1 Air-gas adjustment ratio
- 2 Zero "0" point (start) adjustment
- 3 Boiler counter pressure impulse connection
- 4 Gas pressure impulse connection
- 5 Air pressure impulse connection

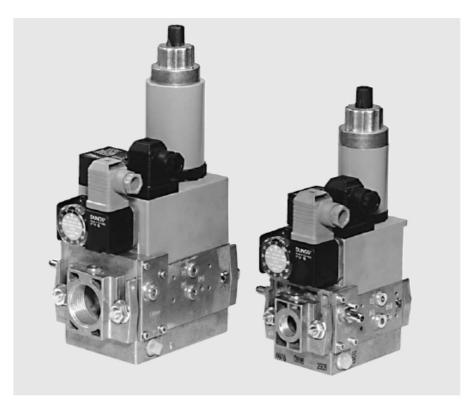


8.5.2. MB ZRD(LE) 405 – 412 Series Gas Valve

GasMultiBloc® Combined regulator and safety shut-off valves Two-stage function

MB-ZRD(LE) 405 - 412 B01





Technical description

The DUNGS GasMultiBloc® integrates filter, regulator, valves and pressure switches in one compact fitting.

- Dirt trap: microfilter
- One regulator and two main valves:
 B01
- One one-stage valve and one two-stage valve
- One valve is fast opening, one valve is slow or fast opening
- Solenoid valves up to 360 mbar (36 kPa) as per DIN EN 161 Class A Group 2
- Sensitive setting of output pressure by proportional regulator as per DIN EN 88 Class A Group 2
- High flow rates with low pressure drop
- DC solenoid drive interference degree N
- Main volume restrictor and partial volume restrictor at valve V2
- Hydraulic opening delay
- Flange connections with pipe threads as per ISO 7/1
- Simple mounting, compact, light-weight

The modular system permits individual solutions by using external ignition gas tap in connection with separately controlled valves, by adding a valve proving system, mini/maxi pressure switches, pressure limiters, limit switch and closing stroke limiter at valve V2, regulator blocking for liquid gas applications.

Application

The modular system permits individual solutions in gas safety and regulator engineering. Suitable for gases of families 1, 2, 3 and other neutral gaseous media.

Approvals

EC type test approval as per EC Gas Appliance Directive:

MB-ZR...405-412 B01 CE-0085 AP 3156 EC type test approval as per EC Pressure Equipment Directive:

MB-ZR...405-412 B01 CE0036

Approvals in other important gas consuming countries.



8.6. Air Pressure Switch Adjustment

While the burner is working without any problem, the air pressure switch is adjusted to desired minimum pressure as follows.

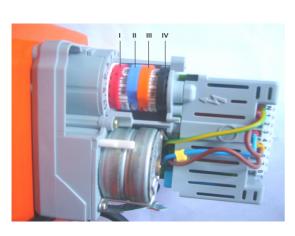
- **Ø** Unscrew the screw of the transparent cover and remove the cover.
- **Ø** Turn the adjustment wheel in the direction to increase the pressure, note the pressure value at which the burner is failed.
- **Ø** Set the pressure switch to a value 1 mbar lower than the pressure value at which the burner failed and close the pressure switch lid.
- **Ø** It is recommended that this adjustment is carried out when the burner is at minimum load.



8.7. Servomotor Adjustment

The amount of air is adjusted by means of the servomotor. The servomotor adjustment at two-stage and modulating burners is made by the cams on the servomotor.

Ø SQN70







At Two-stage Burners;

I. Red Cam: Adjusts 2nd level max. air.

II. Blue Cam: Resets the clamp.

III. Orange Cam: Adjusts 1st level min. air.

IV. Black Cam: Adjusts 2nd level valve opening degree.

At Modulating Burners;

I. Red Cam: Performance max. air adjustment.

II. Blue Cam: Resets the clamp.

III. Orange Cam: Performs min. air adjustment.

IV. Black Cam: Not used.



Ø SQM10



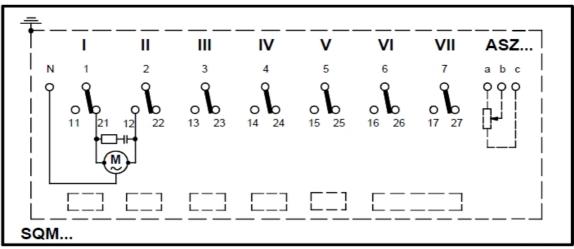


I. Cam: Opening

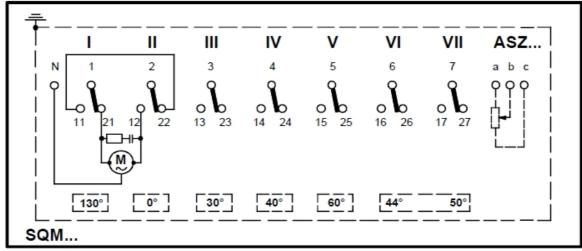
II. Cam: Resets the clamp

III. Cam: Commissioning air

IV. V.VI. and VII. Cam not used



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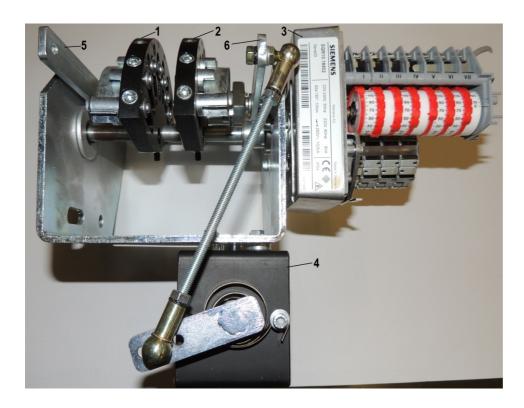
7812a02/1097



Do not open servomotor. Do not interfere with. It may damage servomotor or change burner settings.



Ø MODULATING MECHANISM ADJUSTMENT



- 1- Air adjustment disk
- 2- Fuel adjustment disk
- 3- Servomotor
- 4- Fuel regulator
- 5- Air control lever
- 6- Fuel control lever

ADJUSTMENT:

- 1- Start positions prior to disc mechanism adjustment operation must be as follows:
 - **Ø** Servomotor: 0°
 - Ø Fuel adjustment disc at start position
 - Ø Air adjustment disc at start position
 - **Ø** Fuel regulator at position 10
 - $\mathbf{\emptyset}$ Air klappes at fully closed position: 0°



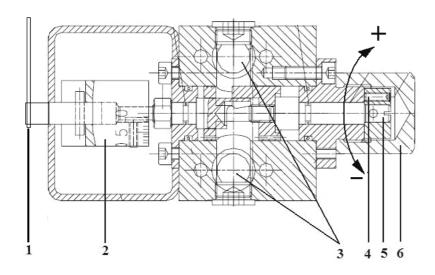
Start position for discs



Start position for fuel regulator



- 2 If disc mechanism start positions are correct, start the burner and ensure that it activates in basic load. Detect min capacity activation fuel amount of the burner by checking min. return pressure. If the activation fuel amount is insufficient, set fuel regulator start adjustment to 9 or 8 value by changing spring adjustment from adjusting bolt on fuel disc number 2. When you start the burner again after this operation, you will see that your fuel return pressure has increased and hence activation fuel amount has risen.
- **3** –Slowly increase the capacity following burner basic load adjustment provided that modulating control device is in manual position. By setting 7 or 8 points during capacity increase, at these points:
 - **Ø** Measure emission values
 - **Ø** Record fuel return pressure
 - **Ø** Observe air klappe position
 - **Ø** Check fuel regulator scale value moves from 10 to 0.
- **4** If you haven't been able to reach the max capacity required by the boiler in 90° position of the air klappe and 0° position of the fuel regulator once you have completed the maximum adjustment, follow the below fuel regulator adjustment procedure:



- 1- Connecting rod
- 2- Scale coupler
- **3-** Fuel connection points
- **4-** Adjustment fixing bolt
- 5- Adjustment bolt
- **6-** Housing cover (screw hood)

Fuel Regulator Adjustment

- **1-** Remove the housing cover number 6
- **2-** Loosen the fixing bolt number 4
- **3-** When you rotate the shaft number 5 (when looked from the shaft end) clockwise, the pressure value you observe from return manometer will increase, and burner consumption will also increase since nozzle pressure increases.
- **4-** When you rotate the shaft number 5 (when looked from the shaft end) anti-clockwise, the pressure value you observe from return manometer will decrease, and burner consumption will also decrease since nozzle pressure decreases.
- 5- When the adjustment is completed, make sure that the adjustment you have made is permanent by tightening the fixing bolt number 4.
- **6-** Place the housing cover number 6.



5 - Set the burner to the correct capacity required by the boiler by considering the below nozzle pressure and consumption values.

Diagram valid for fuel nozzles having 45° spraying angle

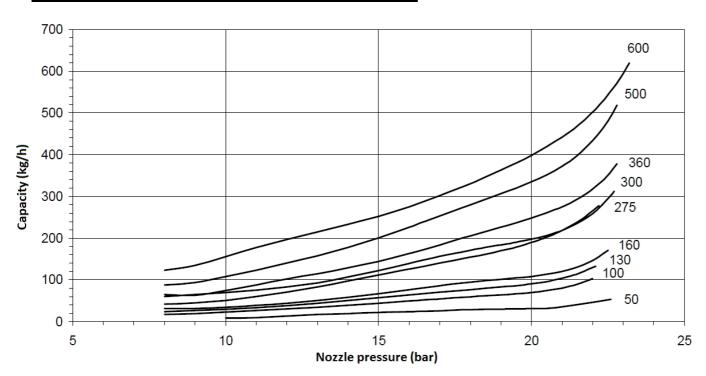
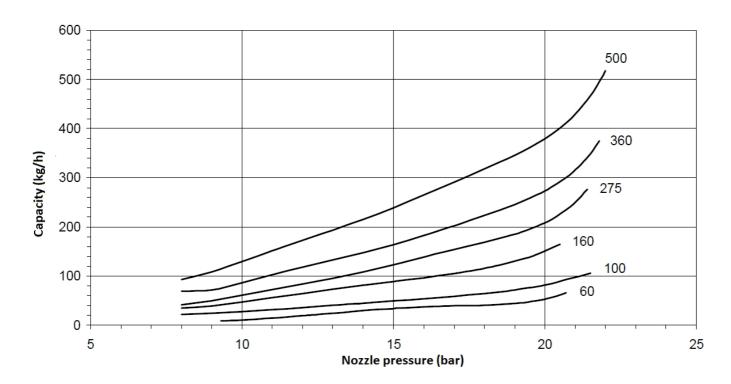


Diagram valid for fuel nozzles having 60° spraying angle



6 – Once the burner modulating adjustment is completed, set modulating control device to automatic position, change set values and observe capacity changes. Air and fuel will increase and decrease simultaneously according to the adjustment you previously made.



8.8. Emission Measurement

In emission measurements, the following values are accepted as reference according to TS EN 676 +A2 standard.

- $\mathbf{Ø}$ CO < 100 mg/ kWh
- \emptyset %3 \leq O₂ \leq %5
- $\mathbf{Ø}$ NO_x < 170 mg/ kWh
- \emptyset Excess air ratio $1,2 \le \lambda \le 1,3$

In emission measurements, the following values are accepted as reference according to TS EN 267 standard.

- $\mathbf{Ø}$ CO < 110 mg/ kWh
- \emptyset %3 \leq O₂ \leq %5
- $\mathbf{Ø}$ NO_x < 250 mg/ kWh
- **Ø** Excess air ratio $1,2 \le \lambda \le 1,3$
- It is important for the boiler to be sealed in order to avoid incorrect measurements during emission measurements.
- Boiler temperature must be between 40 C° and 80 C° while making emission measurement in hot water boilers.

8.9. Program Relay

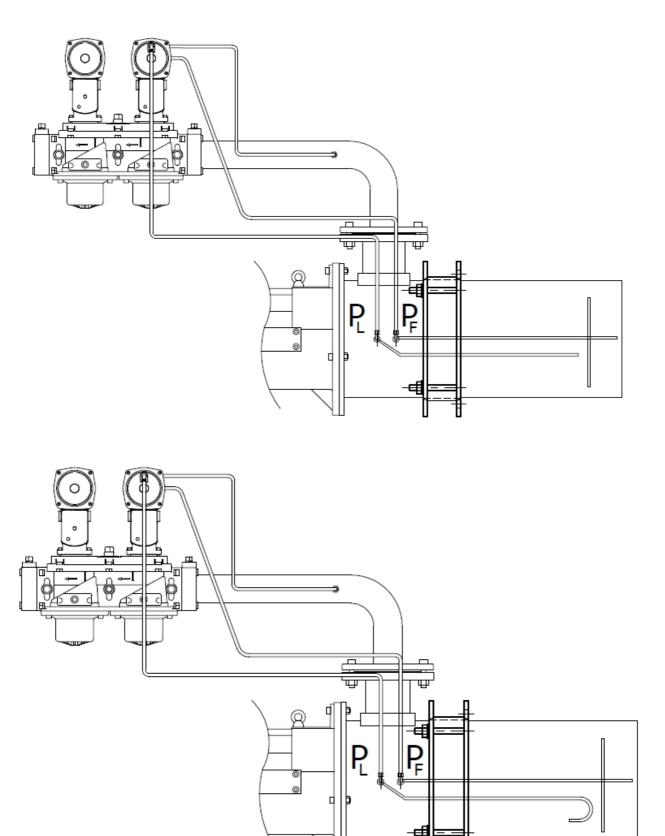
LFL 1.32







If the value measure from PL point is below 0.5 bar, set the impulse pipe as follows.







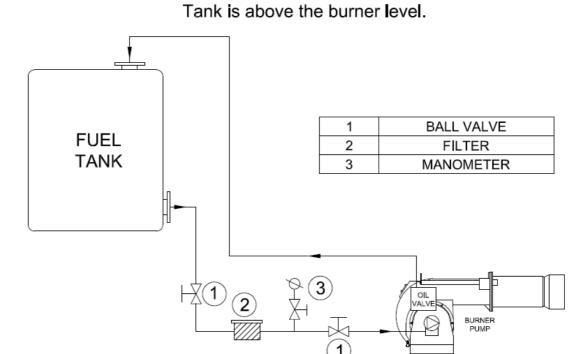
If the flame tube of the burner is longer than standard (standard flame tube length of the burner), please do not forget to support burner body during maintenance and installation/commissioning.



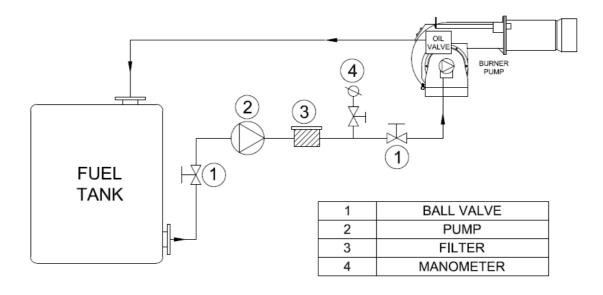




8.10. Light Oil Burner Fuel Ring Line

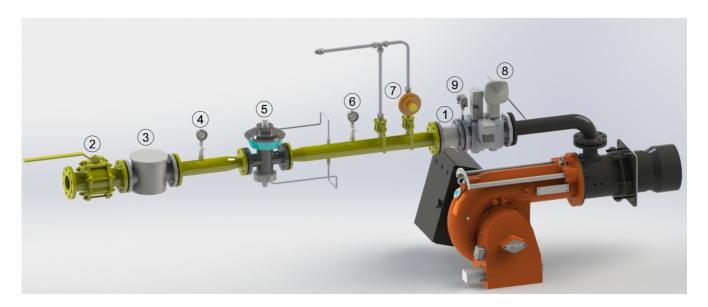


Tank is below the burner level.





8.11. Gas Pass Equipment Required in Gas Line



Pe < 300 mbar Q<1200kW	Pe > 300 mbar Q<1200kW	Pe < 300 mbar Q>1200kW	Pe > 300 mbar Q>1200kW	
1- Compensator	1- Compensator	1- Compensator	1- Compensator	
2- Ball valve	2- Ball valve	2- Ball valve	2- Ball valve	
3- Gas filter	3- Gas filter	3- Gas filter	3- Gas filter	
4- Inlet manometer + valve	4- Inlet manometer + valve	4- Inlet manometer + valve	4- Inlet manometer + valve	
8 - Multi-block (safety and operation solenoids)	5- Regulator	8 – Multi-block (safety and operation solenoids))	5- Regulator	
9- Sealing Control Set	6- Outlet manometer + valve	9- Sealing Control Set	6- Outlet manometer + valve	
	7- Safety discharge valve		7- Safety discharge valve	
	8 – Multi-block (safety and operation solenoids)		8 – Multi-block (safety and operation solenoids)	
	9- Sealing Control Set		9- Sealing Control Set	



Threaded and flanged connections may vary depending on the gas pressure and consumption.



9. MAINTENANCE

9.1. Weekly Maintenance

Weekly maintenance is a routine cleaning and adjustment procedure which is performed to ensure smooth and continuous operation of the system. Burner components must be adjusted after each maintenance work in accordance with the instructions. Otherwise, the burner cannot be operated efficiently.

- **Ø** Clean all filters in fuel ring system.
- **Ø** Clean fuel nozzle of the burner.
- **Ø** If the fin spaces and surface of the diffuser are covered with particles and formed a layer, clean it with a wire brush.
- **Ø** Clean heads of ignition electrodes. Check by performing manual ignition, adjust the distance between the ignition electrode and diffuser according to the adjustment instructions.

9.2. Monthly Maintenance

Monthly maintenance is a more comprehensive maintenance compared to weekly maintenance, where general checks of burner and peripheral components are performed to prevent possible faults. After completion of maintenance and adjustment processes, make sure to perform a combustion analysis.

- **Ø** Clean the filters on the fuel line to the burner.
- **Ø** Clean fuel nozzle of the burner.
- **Ø** Clean the surface of the diffuser.
- **Ø** Clean flame pipe.
- **Ø** Check all wiring points. Tighten loose connections.
- **Ø** Clean the solenoid valves.
- **Ø** Clean the photocell.
- **Ø** Clean the dust and layers accumulated on the fan and air valves.
- Ø Check pump pressure. Check if necessary (Light Oil: Two stage 14 bar, modulating; 25 bar)
- **Ø** Check ignition electrodes. Adjust it if necessary. Check ignition cables and sockets.
- **Ø** Perform cleanliness control of inside panel. Clean if necessary.
- **Ø** Check all bolts of the burner. Tighten loose bolts.
- **Ø** Clean the filters on the main line and multiblock.
- **Ø** Check the burner gas tip.
- **Ø** Check gas line pressure, it must be the same with the first adjusted pressure, otherwise burner load and emission values will also have changed.
- **Ø** After starting the burner and adjusting air klappe, perform flue gas analysis and check if there is an ideal combustion.



9.3. Seasonal Maintenance

Comprehensive maintenance work when the burner is re-started after long periods of shut-down or interruptions. After completion of maintenance and adjustment processes, make sure to perform a combustion analysis.

- **Ø** Check insulation resistance of electric motor.
- **Ø** Make surface cleaning of ignition electrodes and porcelains. Replace cracked or broken porcelains.
- **Ø** Clean air fan and clamps.
- **Ø** Check the operating function.
- **Ø** Check cleanliness of the nozzle. Replace it if necessary.
- **Ø** Clean the N.C. solenoid valve. Measure the coil winding resistance.
- **Ø** Clean the strainer (filter) under the pump cover.
- **Ø** Clean the photocell.
- Ø Clean fuel filter. Replace it if necessary.
- **Ø** Check boiler thermostats.
- **Ø** Check cleanliness of boiler inside and clean if necessary.



10. TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Cause	Explanation-Suggestion			
	Light Oil or Gas is cut or does not come	Light Oil or Gas valve might be closed. Open the valve.			
Burner cannot be commissioned	Fuse failure	Check burner power supply. The fuse on the main panel or the fuse on the burner might be tripped.			
	Relay failure	Reset the thermal relay. Check adjustment of the thermal relay according to the current in motor label. If the failure is not removed, replace the thermal relay.			
	Boiler thermostat, pressure switch failure	If there is a problem with the burner thermostats, pressure switches and steam tank this may be due to an unadjusted or faulty water level device; adjust it and if broken, replace it.			
	Light Oil or Gas pressure error	Circuit light oil or gas pressure might have dropped.			
Flame appears and goes into failure mode.	Photocell failure	Photocell may be faulty or contaminated. Remove and clean			
	Program relay failure	Replace it with a new one.			
Burner starts up, but fails after 10 seconds.	Program relay failure	Replace it with a new one.			
	Air pressure switch adjustment	Air pressure switch might be adjusted to a high value. There may be dirt in the air pressure switch Air pressure switch might be broken.			
	Fan motor failure	Check fan motor coils, motor contactor and outlet from program relay.			
Burner starts up, but fails after 30 seconds.	Light Oil or Gas valve, fuel oil or gas pressure drop	Light Oil or Gas valve might be closed. Circuit fuel oil or gas pressure might have dropped. Check Light Oil or Gas inlet manometer.			
	Ignition electrode failure	Ignition electrodes might be misadjusted or ignition cables might have come out of their terminals. Adjust ignition electrodes with a distance of 3-5 mm. between them.			
Boiler cover is overheating.	Sealing problem	Ensure sealing between the boiler cover and burner. If required, use insulating material between the boiler connecting flange and boiler cover.			



Fuel Consumption	Fuel Consumption	CO (ppm)	O ₂ (%)	CO ₂ (ppm)	NO _X (ppm)	Yield (%)	Flue Temp.	Date	Signature
(kg/h)	(m³/h)						(°C)		
								1	



12. AFTER SALES SERVICES

Dear Customer,

We believe that providing a good service is as important as providing a good product. Therefore, we continue offering wide range of comprehensive services to our conscious customers.

Our contact details for your requests and complaints

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Also you can contact with us:

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Please observe the following recommendations.

- Use the product in accordance with the principles of this manual.
- For any service demands regarding the product, please contact our Service Center from the abovementioned phone numbers.
- Upon your purchase, register your warranty certificate during installation.



13. NOTES

Please record and forward your measurements and observations to us $\$

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